(ii) To maintain ecological balance in tragile mountains, such as, Himalayas, Western and Eastern Ghats, Aravalis, etc.

(iii) As water is a critical input to production system, land and water cycle should be maintained harmoniously to meet increasing demand for water to have higher productivity of land.

(iv) The areas under forest should be preserved at all cost and endeavour should be to extend forest cover to the desired one-third of total geographical area of the country.

(v) To prevent the diversion of good agricultural land for non-agricultural purposes especially when less productive land is available.

(vi) Preparation of detailed inventories of land, soils, plants, animals and human beings for formulating integrated plans) of action.

(vii) To intensify soil and water conservation programme including land reclamation with sufficient outlays.

(viii) To undertake time bound soil and land use survey programme.

(ix) To review All Acts relating to land use. There is need for a single comprehensive legislation of land use to improve the present data base.

(x) To increase public awareness in the programmes of land use and management.

(xi) To ensure people's participation and involvement of voluntary organisations to undertake programmes for controlling land degradation and wasteland development.

(xii) To ensure integrated land and water resource management with better crop/plant technology for improvement of productivity from rainfed areas.

The National Land Use and Conservation Board in its first meeting held on 17th October, 1985 while appreciating the work of the Committee of Experts in preparing the draft outline of National Land Use Policy decided to set up a Committee under the Chairmanship of Shri B. B. Vohra, Chairman—Advisory Board on Energy, to revise the report and prepare the National Land Use Policy Statement which *inter alia* should take into consideration the National Water Policy and the revised Forest Conservation Policy which are currently under formulation, the factors having a bearing on land use patterns and productivity, people's participation and also consider the role of science and technology inputs in optimising land use and management. The action plan for implementation of National Land Use Policy will emerge from the National Land Use Policy Statement after it is approved by the National Land Use and Conservation Board.

मध्य प्रदेश में बड़ी तथा मध्यम नदी घाटी परियोजनाएं

*279. **श्री प्यारे लाल खंडेलवाल :** क्या जल संसाधन मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) 1983 से 1985 की अवधि में मध्य प्रदेश सरकार द्वारा कौन-कौन सी और कितनी संख्या में बड़ी और मध्यम नदी घाटी परियोजनाएं स्वीकृति हेतु केन्द्रीय सरकार के पास भेजी गई ; और

(ख) इनमें से कितनी और कौन-कौन सी परियोजनाओं को, किस-किस तिथि को अनुमोदन प्राप्त हो गया ?

जल संसाधन मंत्री (श्री बी० शंकरानंद (क) और (ख) मध्य प्रदेश सरकार ने 1983–85 की अवधि के दौरान 11

बृहद और 3 मध्य सिंचाई परियोजनाएं केन्द्रीय जल आयोग को भेजी हैं । बृहद परियोजनाएं इस प्रकार हैं :—

नर्मदा सागर
बार्गी बहुउद्देशीय
पेंच व्यपवर्तन
महानदी जलाशय
कोलार
बाणसागर नहरें
ओमकारेश्वर
थानवार
बार्गी व्यपवर्तन
वाह
चम्बल आयाकट विकास

मध्यम परियोजनाएं इस प्रकार हैं :

गोपाद
जोबाट
सुतियापाट

इनमें से जोबाट नामक एक मध्यम स्कीम, जनवरी 1985 में योजना आयोग द्वारा स्वीकृत कर ली गई है।

Funds given to Andhra Pradesh for social welfare schemes

*280. SHRI B. KRISHNA MOHAN : Will the Minister of Welfare be pleased to state :

(a) what are the details of the funds given by the Central Government to the Andhra Pradesh Government for social welfare schemes during the year 1984-85 and 1985-86;

(b) whether any complaints have been received by the Central Government on the involvement of ITDA/ Department of Tribal Welfare in liquor vending in tribal areas in Andhra Pradesh; and

(c) if so, what steps are being taken by Government to remedy this situation?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF WELFARE (SHRIMATI RAJENDRA KUMARI BAJPAI) : (a) The details of the funds allocated and given to State Government of Andhra Pradesh by the Central Government for social welfare schemes during the year 1984-85 and 1985-86 are shown in the attached statement.

(b) Yes Sir.

(c) The State Government was advised by the Tribal Developments Division, then under the Ministry of Home Affairs, to reconsider the Excise Policy in the interest of tribals. And in response, the State Government intimated that a new policy had been adopted after accommodating the views of the Government of India.

STATEMENT

Grants—in aid given by the Central Government to the State Government of Andhra Pradesh for implementation of various Social Welfare Schemes

(in Rupees)

Sl. No.	Name of the Scheme	1984-85	1985-86
1	Integrated Child Development Scheme	1,69,92,231·00	3,51,53,624·44
2	Functional literacy for Adult Women	7,52,000·00	Scheme discontinued from 1-1-85
3	Anganwadi Training Programme	16,72,000·00	38,63,389·00
4	For setting up Women's Training Centres/ Institutions for Rehabilitation of Women in Distress	33,188	
5	Short stay Homes	77,708	*
6	Handicapped Welfare	20 Lakhs	

*Allocation are not made under these schemes State-wise. Funds are released as and when proposals are received for funds as sanctioned. So far no funds have been released for 1985-86 for these three Schemes.